

دور الأحزاب السياسية في عملية الإصلاح السياسي
في الأردن في الفترة (٢٠٠١-٢٠٠٨)

إعداد

عنود عبد الرحمن عبد الله الحباشنة

المشرف

الأستاذ الدكتور محمد مصالحة

قدمت هذه الرسالة استكمالاً لمتطلبات الحصول على درجة الماجستير في
العلوم السياسية

كلية الدراسات العليا

الجامعة الأردنية

آيار، ٢٠١٠

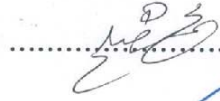
سند كلية الدراسات العليا
هذه النسخة من الرسالة
التوثيق التاريخي

قرار لجنة المناقشة

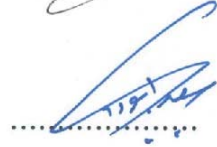
نوقشت هذه الرسالة دور الأحزاب السياسية في عملية الإصلاح السياسي في الأردن في الفترة (٢٠٠٨-٢٠١١) وأجيزت بتاريخ ٢/٥/٢٠١٠.

التوقيع

أعضاء لجنة المناقشة



الأستاذ الدكتور محمد حمدان المصالحه،
مشرفاً
أستاذ- دراسات برلمانية



الأستاذ الدكتور سعد سالم أبو ديدة،
عضواً
أستاذ- علاقات دولية



الدكتور عمر حمدان الحزرمي،
عضواً
أستاذ مساعد - علاقات دولية



الأستاذ الدكتور مازن العقيلي ،
عضواً
أستاذ - العلاقات الدولية (جامعة مؤتة)

تعتمد كلية الدراسات العليا
هذه النسخة من الرسالة
التوقيع: التاريخ: ٥/٥/٢٠١٠

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(2) D. Rustwo and R. Ward. (1964), **Political Modernization in Japan and Turkey**, PP. 6-7.

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(1) M. Levy,(1985). **Modernization and the Structure of Society**, (Princeton: Princeton Univ. Press, PP. 1-11.

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مصالحه، محمد، مرجع سابق، ص ١٤

نقرش، عبد الله، مرجع سابق، ص ١٦

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Valid ذكر	88	72.1	72.1	72.1
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Total	122	100.0	100.0	

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	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid داخل مدينة عمان	97	79.5	79.5	79.5
خارج مدينة عمان	25	20.5	20.5	100.0
Total	122	100.0	100.0	

اجتماعية

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid متزوج	105	86.1	86.1	86.1
أعزب	17	13.9	13.9	100.0
Total	122	100.0	100.0	

التعليم

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid ثانوية عامة فاقل	1	.8	.8	.8
دبلوم	5	4.1	4.1	4.9
بكالوريوس	73	59.8	59.8	64.8
دراسات عليا	43	35.2	35.2	100.0
Total	122	100.0	100.0	

العمل

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid قطاع عام	18	14.8	14.8	14.8
قطاع خاص	51	41.8	41.8	56.6
اعمال حرة	17	13.9	13.9	70.5
متقاعد	36	29.5	29.5	100.0
Total	122	100.0	100.0	

Frequencies

Statistics

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6
N Valid	122	122	122	122	122	122
Missing	0	0	0	0	0	0

Frequency Table

Q1

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Valid	بدرجة كبيرة جدا	4	3.3	3.3	3.3
	بدرجة كبيرة	10	8.2	8.2	11.5
	بدرجة متوسطة	64	52.5	52.5	63.9
	بدرجة ضعيفة	44	36.1	36.1	100.0
Total		122	100.0	100.0	

Q2

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Valid	يوجد تأثير ايجابي	18	14.8	14.8	14.8
	يوجد تأثير سلبي	7	5.7	5.7	20.5
	لا يوجد تأثير	97	79.5	79.5	100.0
Total		122	100.0	100.0	

Q3

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Valid	نعم	85	69.7	69.7	69.7
	لا	37	30.3	30.3	100.0
Total		122	100.0	100.0	

Q4

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Valid	نعم	106	86.9	86.9	86.9
	لا	16	13.1	13.1	100.0
Total		122	100.0	100.0	

Q5

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Valid	نعم	114	93.4	93.4	93.4
	لا	8	6.6	6.6	100.0
Total		122	100.0	100.0	

Q6

	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid نعم	34	27.9	27.9	27.9
لا	88	72.1	72.1	100.0
Total	122	100.0	100.0	

Descriptives

Descriptive Statistics

	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation
A1	122	1.00	3.00	2.2705	.88174
A2	122	1.00	3.00	1.7131	.87650
A3	122	2.00	3.00	2.5656	.49773
A4	122	1.00	3.00	2.5820	.72545
A5	122	1.00	3.00	2.4426	.72783
A6	122	1.00	3.00	2.4426	.72783
A7	122	1.00	3.00	1.8361	.83677
A8	122	2.00	3.00	2.5574	.49875
A9	122	1.00	3.00	2.5656	.72713
A10	122	1.00	3.00	2.5820	.72545
A11	122	1.00	3.00	2.4426	.72783
A12	122	1.00	3.00	2.2705	.89107
A13	122	1.00	3.00	2.2705	.71624
A14	122	1.00	3.00	2.3033	.70288
A15	122	1.00	3.00	2.1311	.65493
A16	122	2.00	3.00	2.4262	.49657
A17	122	3.00	3.00	3.0000	.00000
A18	122	2.00	3.00	2.7049	.45796
A19	122	2.00	3.00	2.7213	.45020
A20	122	2.00	3.00	2.7213	.45020
A21	122	2.00	3.00	2.8607	.34773
A22	122	2.00	3.00	2.8607	.34773
A23	122	2.00	3.00	2.7213	.45020
A24	122	2.00	3.00	2.8607	.34773
A25	122	2.00	3.00	2.7213	.45020
اتجاهات	122	2.08	2.92	2.5030	.27817
Valid N (listwise)	122				

Correlations

Correlations

		توسيع.مش	Q1
توسيع.مش	Pearson Correlation	1	.532**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.	.000
	N	122	122
Q1	Pearson Correlation	.532**	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.
	N	122	122

** . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level

Correlations**Correlations**

		Q1	Q2
Q1	Pearson Correlation	1	.611**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.	.000
	N	122	122
Q2	Pearson Correlation	.611**	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.
	N	122	122

** . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level

Correlations**Correlations**

		Q1	الادوار
Q1	Pearson Correlation	1	.471**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.	.000
	N	122	122
الادوار	Pearson Correlation	.471**	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.
	N	122	122

** . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level

Oneway

ANOVA

اتجاهات

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1.578	1	1.578	24.318	.000
Within Groups	7.785	120	.065		
Total	9.363	121			

Oneway

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**The Role of Political Parties in the Political Reform Process in Jordan
(2001-2008)**

By

Anoud AbdelRahman Abdullah AlHabashneh

Supervisor

Dr. Mohammad Masalha

Abstract

This study aims at analyzing the role of political parties as one of the most important pillars of the political reform process in Jordan.

The problem of this study lies in its discussing of the political reform issue as one of the political development processes. Whereas reform is linked until recently with social and economic aspects; however political reform by itself had not received the proper attention in the reform processes due to its link with the political systems in the region, whereas, there is a gap between social structure and political structures that exist in third world countries.

The significance of the study lies in the political reform process which represents the main entrance to the rest of the reforms. To start with it provides conditions and real warranties to achieve comprehensive national reforms lead to the establishment of the state's modern institutions which can be a real reflection of the society's values and are dedicated to achieve its best interests.

The core point here is represented in the transition of political life in the transition of political life from its symbolic form into implementation fields and actual practice so as to be a state of institutions and equal citizenship. Thus, this study tends to reveal the urgent need to implement the political reform process. Furthermore, the significance of the study is stemmed from its attempt to analyze the role of political parties as one of the civil society's establishments in the political reform process.

This study relied upon historical and analytical approach in dealing with the study's topics.

The study revealed the following results:

- There is a positive, medium effect with statistically significance at $\alpha \leq 0.05$ between expansion of political participation and the success of the political

reform; whereas Pearson correlation coefficient is (0.532) and statistically significance is (0.000).

- The study showed the presence of positive relations over medium level with statistically significance at $\alpha \leq 0.05$ between the effect of political parties over political reform and the success of political reform process. Whereas Pearson correlation coefficient is (0.611) and the statistically significance is (0.000).

Furthermore, the study revealed a positive relation below medium level with statistically significance at the $\alpha \leq 0.05$ between the roles of political parties in the political reform process and the success of the political reform with the presence of statistically at $\alpha \leq 0.05$ and direction towards the factors and reasons that support the role of political parties in supporting the political reform journey in Jordan which is due to the differences of gender, residency, education qualification, and work sectors which indicate to the effect of these variables on their attitudes toward the influencing factors on supporting the role of political parties in supporting the political reform process in Jordan.

The study recommends that political parties are the framework that organizes the citizen's political participation which is considered to be the most important citizenship rights which are represented in economic and social rights to achieve social justice and to have insurance against disease, poverty and work disability, eradication of unemployment and have proper job opportunities for individuals.